wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 20, 2024 – 10:18 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MXU
BMRB ID	:	25429
Title	:	42-Residue Beta Amyloid Fibril
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Deposited on	:	2015-01-14

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

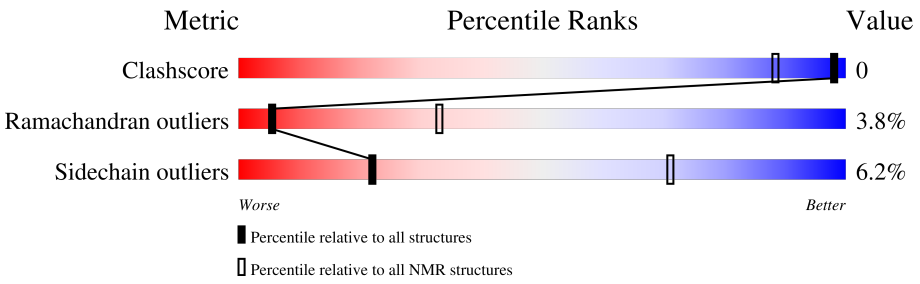
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLID-STATE NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 2%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	42	64% 12% 24%
1	B	42	64% • 10% 24%
1	C	42	67% 10% 24%
1	D	42	64% • 10% 24%
1	E	42	64% 5% 7% 24%
1	F	42	64% 5% 7% 24%
1	G	42	67% • 7% 24%
1	H	42	60% 7% 10% 24%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	I	42	62% 5% 10% 24%
1	J	42	67% 10% 24%
1	K	42	60% 5% 12% 24%
1	L	42	64% 12% 24%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:15-A:41, B:15-B:42, C:15-C:42, D:15-D:42, E:14-E:42, F:14-F:42, G:14-G:42, H:15-H:42, I:15-I:42, J:15-J:42, K:16-K:42, L:16-L:42 (336)	1.79	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10
2	7, 9

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5712 atoms, of which 2892 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Amyloid beta A4 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	B	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	C	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	D	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	E	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	F	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	G	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	H	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	I	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	J	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	K	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0
1	L	32	476	152	241	40	42	1	0

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain A:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain B:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

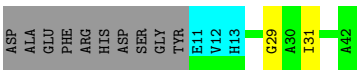
Chain C:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain D:

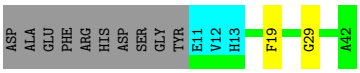
• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain E:



• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain F:



- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

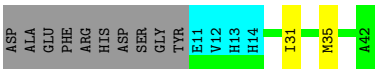
Chain G:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain H:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain I:



- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain J:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain K:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain L:

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain A:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain B:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain C:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain D:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain E:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

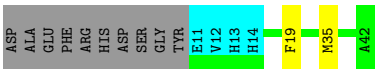
Chain F:

- Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain G:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain H:

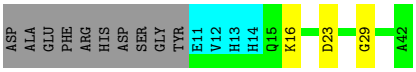


• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain I:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain J:

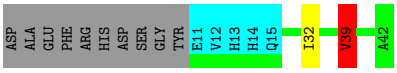


• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain K:

• Molecule 1: Amyloid beta A4 protein

Chain L:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing.*

Of the 1000 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	12

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	103
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	93
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	10
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	2%

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.71±0.01	0±0/195 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.94±0.05	0±0/262 (0.0± 0.1%)
1	B	0.68±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.91±0.03	0±0/266 (0.0± 0.0%)
1	C	0.67±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.91±0.04	0±0/266 (0.0± 0.0%)
1	D	0.67±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.93±0.03	0±0/266 (0.0± 0.0%)
1	E	0.66±0.01	0±0/211 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.93±0.06	0±0/281 (0.1± 0.1%)
1	F	0.66±0.01	0±0/211 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.93±0.03	0±0/281 (0.0± 0.1%)
1	G	0.66±0.01	0±0/211 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.92±0.04	0±0/281 (0.0± 0.0%)
1	H	0.67±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.93±0.05	0±0/266 (0.0± 0.1%)
1	I	0.67±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.95±0.05	0±1/266 (0.1± 0.3%)
1	J	0.67±0.01	0±0/200 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.94±0.03	0±0/266 (0.0± 0.1%)
1	K	0.69±0.01	0±0/191 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.96±0.05	0±0/254 (0.1± 0.2%)
1	L	0.73±0.01	0±0/191 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.01±0.07	0±0/254 (0.2± 0.2%)
All	All	0.68	0/24100 (0.0%)	0.94	15/32090 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	H	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
1	F	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
All	All	0	2

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 14 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	L	36	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	7.96	123.63	110.90	10	1
1	L	39	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	7.52	122.94	110.90	5	2
1	K	39	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	5.84	120.25	110.90	5	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	I	31	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.68	121.78	111.00	5	1
1	K	31	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.66	121.75	111.00	10	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	H	19	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	F	16	LYS	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	K	190	204	204	1±1
1	L	190	204	204	1±1
1	G	209	219	219	0±0
1	H	199	212	212	0±0
1	I	199	212	212	0±0
1	J	199	212	212	0±1
1	C	199	212	212	0±0
1	D	199	212	212	0±0
All	All	23940	25440	25440	14

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

5 of 14 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:K:39:VAL:C	1:L:39:VAL:HG21	0.57	2.20	5	1
1:K:36:VAL:C	1:L:36:VAL:HG21	0.56	2.20	10	1
1:J:39:VAL:C	1:K:39:VAL:HG21	0.54	2.23	5	1
1:K:39:VAL:CA	1:L:39:VAL:HG21	0.52	2.35	5	1
1:K:39:VAL:H	1:L:39:VAL:HG21	0.51	1.64	1	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	27/42 (64%)	24±1 (88±3%)	3±1 (10±4%)	1±1 (3±3%)	8 44
1	B	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±4%)	3±1 (12±4%)	1±1 (3±3%)	6 37
1	C	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±4%)	4±1 (14±4%)	1±1 (2±2%)	10 49
1	D	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±5%)	3±1 (11±4%)	1±1 (4±2%)	5 31
1	E	28/42 (67%)	24±1 (85±4%)	3±1 (10±4%)	1±1 (5±2%)	4 27
1	F	28/42 (67%)	24±1 (84±3%)	3±1 (11±4%)	1±1 (5±3%)	4 25
1	G	28/42 (67%)	24±1 (85±3%)	3±1 (11±4%)	1±1 (4±2%)	6 34
1	H	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±3%)	3±1 (12±4%)	1±1 (4±3%)	4 29
1	I	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±4%)	3±1 (12±4%)	1±1 (4±3%)	4 29
1	J	27/42 (64%)	23±1 (84±2%)	3±1 (11±3%)	1±1 (5±3%)	4 26
1	K	26/42 (62%)	22±1 (83±4%)	3±1 (12±2%)	1±1 (5±3%)	4 27
1	L	26/42 (62%)	23±1 (87±5%)	3±1 (12±5%)	0±0 (2±2%)	14 59
All	All	3250/5040 (64%)	2753 (85%)	374 (12%)	123 (4%)	5 33

5 of 44 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	E	29	GLY	9
1	D	29	GLY	8
1	G	29	GLY	8
1	H	29	GLY	7
1	B	29	GLY	6

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	20/32 (62%)	19±1 (97±4%)	1±1 (3±4%)	44	89
1	B	20/32 (62%)	19±1 (96±4%)	1±1 (4±4%)	35	83
1	C	20/32 (62%)	19±1 (93±6%)	1±1 (7±6%)	19	67
1	D	20/32 (62%)	19±1 (94±5%)	1±1 (6±4%)	21	69
1	E	21/32 (66%)	20±1 (93±6%)	2±1 (7±6%)	18	67
1	F	21/32 (66%)	20±1 (93±5%)	2±1 (7±5%)	18	67
1	G	21/32 (66%)	20±1 (95±5%)	1±1 (5±5%)	27	76
1	H	20/32 (62%)	18±1 (92±5%)	2±1 (8±5%)	17	65
1	I	20/32 (62%)	18±1 (92±3%)	2±1 (8±3%)	16	63
1	J	20/32 (62%)	19±1 (94±4%)	1±1 (6±4%)	21	69
1	K	19/32 (59%)	18±1 (95±5%)	1±1 (5±5%)	26	75
1	L	19/32 (59%)	18±1 (93±5%)	1±1 (7±5%)	19	68
All	All	2410/3840 (63%)	2261 (94%)	149 (6%)	22	71

5 of 74 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	H	31	ILE	6
1	I	31	ILE	6
1	D	19	PHE	5
1	E	31	ILE	5
1	F	19	PHE	5

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 2% for the well-defined parts and 2% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	103
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	93
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	10
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 10) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	2	ALA	C	173.6	1	1
1	A	2	ALA	CA	50.5	1	1
1	A	2	ALA	CB	17.6	1	1
1	A	4	PHE	C	173.0	1	1
1	A	4	PHE	CA	55.0	1	1
1	A	4	PHE	CB	40.0	1	1
1	A	4	PHE	N	123.6	1	1
1	A	9	GLY	C	170.5	1	1
1	A	9	GLY	CA	43.3	1	1
1	A	9	GLY	N	109.12	1	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	28	1.22 ± 0.31	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	22	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C'$	28	2.51 ± 0.47	Should be applied
^{15}N	25	-2.51 ± 0.87	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 2%, i.e. 83 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 4386. 0 out of 84 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	66/1740 (4%)	0/732 (0%)	44/672 (7%)	22/336 (7%)
Sidechain	17/2385 (1%)	0/1599 (0%)	17/740 (2%)	0/46 (0%)
Aromatic	0/261 (0%)	0/132 (0%)	0/126 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	83/4386 (2%)	0/2463 (0%)	61/1538 (4%)	22/385 (6%)

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

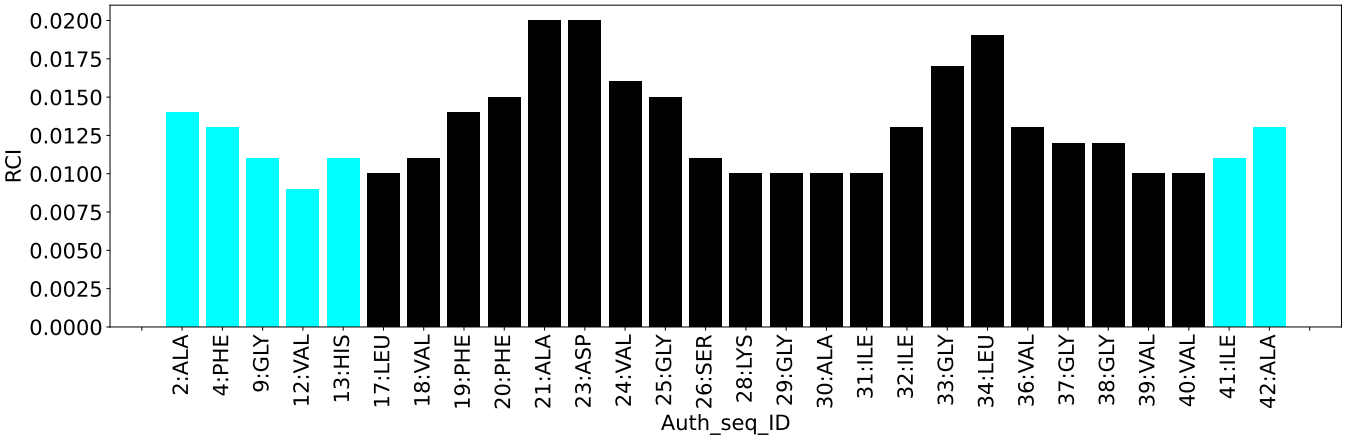
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.0200
0.0175
0.0150
0.0125
0.0100
0.0075
0.0050
0.0025
0.0000
2:ALA
4:PHE
9:GLY
12:VAL
13:HIS
17:LEU
18:VAL
19:PHE
20:PHE
21:ALA
23:ASP
24:VAL
25:GLY
26:SER
28:LYS
29:GLY
30:ALA
31:ILE
32:ILE
33:GLY
34:LEU
36:VAL
37:GLY
38:GLY
39:VAL
40:VAL
41:ILE
42:ALA
Auth_seq_ID